

Exercises on Homology and Cohomology

Spring term 2018, Sheet 11

Hand in before 10 o'clock on 14th May 2018
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Exercise 1 (easy)

Let G be a group and denote by $I \trianglelefteq \mathbb{Z}G$ the kernel of $\epsilon : \mathbb{Z}G \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}$.

- (i) Show that the elements $(1 - u_g)_{g \in G \setminus \{e\}}$ form a basis of I as a \mathbb{Z} -module.
- (ii) If S is set of generators of G , show that the elements $\{1 - u_s\}_{s \in S}$ generate I as a $\mathbb{Z}G$ -module.
- (iii) Conclude that if G is finitely generated, then \mathbb{Z} admits a free resolution $F_* \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}$ for which F_1 has finite rank.

Exercise 2 (medium)

Let $G = \mathbb{Z}^n$ and consider the action $G \curvearrowright \mathbb{R}^n$ by translation.

- (i) Find a suitable structure of a CW-complex such that \mathbb{R}^n becomes a G -CW-complex.
- (ii) Construct a free resolution F_* of the trivial $\mathbb{Z}G$ -module \mathbb{Z} of length n .
- (iii) Calculate $H^n(G) = H^n(\text{Hom}(F_*, \mathbb{Z}))$.

Exercise 3 (difficult)

Let G be a group and denote by $I \trianglelefteq \mathbb{Z}G$ the kernel of $\epsilon : \mathbb{Z}G \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}$.

- (i) Show that if a family $(1 - u_s)_{s \in S}$ generates I as a $\mathbb{Z}G$ -module, then S is a generating set for G .
- (ii) Show that if I is finitely generated as a $\mathbb{Z}G$ -module, then G is finitely generated.
- (iii) Show that the trivial $\mathbb{Z}G$ -module \mathbb{Z} admits a free resolution $F_* \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}$ with F_1 of finite rank if and only if G is finitely generated.